Offboarding: Involuntary Terminations

Ending an employment relationship can be difficult. Involuntarily terminating an employee can be not only uncomfortable and emotional but also logistically complicated and full of legal risks. Organizations must complete a great deal of work in a short time frame to offboard a terminated employee. For example, there are many administrative tasks your organization needs to finish prior to the end of the employee's last day, such as compiling appropriate supporting documentation, finalizing payroll and tax paperwork, retrieving company property, terminating access to systems and files, and drafting separation agreements.

An effective offboarding process can help ensure your organization complies with relevant laws and regulations and that necessary tasks are completed in an orderly manner. When done successfully, offboarding can protect your organization from potential liabilities.

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Overview

With voluntary terminations, the offboarding process starts when an employee provides verbal or written notice that they are ending their employment. However, the offboarding process for involuntary terminations generally begins when an organization decides to terminate an individual's employment. There are many reasons an organization may decide to involuntarily terminate an employee, including misconduct, performance issues or layoffs. These factors may impact the offboarding process and compliance with applicable laws.

This checklist is intended to be used as a guide, so not all of the following steps are necessary to offboard an employee. The offboarding process may differ based on your organization's size and other factors; thus, the steps in this list should be modified to meet the unique needs of your organization. Due to the complexities of terminating an employee, including the many applicable federal, state and local laws, employers are encouraged to seek legal counsel to discuss and address specific issues and concerns. This checklist can be referenced by a supervisor, manager or HR representative to help ensure key steps are not missed for all involuntarily terminated employees.

Initial Steps	
Discuss the organization's decision to terminate the departing employee with relevant individuals— such as the leadership team and HR—and potentially with legal counsel to ensure the termination is warranted and complies with federal and state laws.	
Document any performance issues, warnings, policy violations and disciplinary actions pertaining to the departing employee.	
Notify all relevant individuals—such as the leadership team, HR and IT—that the offboarding process is starting for the departing employee.	
Ask HR to prepare the departing employee's final paycheck and all necessary paperwork, including the termination letter, nondisclosure and noncompete agreements, explanation of benefits, COBRA notice and unemployment insurance, if applicable.	
Create and document a transition plan for the departing employee.	
Schedule a separation meeting with the departing employee.	
Ask HR or another qualified individual to conduct a separation meeting with the departing employee and to document what is discussed during the meeting.	
If necessary, decide which employees will assume the departing employee's responsibilities.	
Create a list of all devices and equipment—including keys, badges, access cards, credit cards and uniforms—to collect from the departing employee.	
Create a list of all systems, software, apps and files the departing employee can access.	
Begin recruiting to fill the departing employee's position, if necessary.	

This checklist is merely a guideline. It is neither meant to be exhaustive nor meant to be construed as legal advice. It does not address all potential compliance issues with federal, state or local standards. Consult your licensed representative at Strategic Services Group or legal counsel to address possible compliance requirements. **UPDATED SEPTEMBER 07, 2022**

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Separation Meeting	
Notify the departing employee of the organization's decision to end their employment and consider explaining the reasons for the termination.	
Provide the departing employee with information regarding any final payments, including paychecks, bonuses or severance payments, as well as any other exit documentation, if applicable.	
If applicable, review when and how the departing employee's group health benefits willend and inform the departing employee that COBRA election paperwork has been or will be mailed to them.	
Provide the departing employee with information about state unemployment benefits.	
Notify the departing employee of any post-employment legal obligations—such as noncompetition and confidentiality agreements—if applicable.	
Provide the departing employee with separation, severance, nondisclosure and noncompete agreements, if applicable.	
Notify the departing employee that their access to all of the organization's systems, software, apps and files will be revoked.	
Ask the departing employee to return all work-related documents and other information.	
Collect all company devices, equipment and passwords from the departing employee.	
If the departing employee uses their personal devices for work, remove all files and access from their devices.	
Ensure the departing employee provides their current contact information.	
Have the individual conducting the separation meeting walk the departing employee from the organization's premises. If necessary, escort the employee from the organization's premises with security in alignment with the organization's policies.	

Following the Separation Meeting	
Notify the departing employee's team, the wider organization and clients, if applicable, of the employee's departure and last day.	
Schedule a meeting with any employees assuming the departing employee's responsibilities to transfer all necessary information and duties.	
Provide vendors, clients and other employees with an updated point of contact for the departing employee's responsibilities, if applicable.	
Schedule meetings with the departing employee's vendors, clients and others to transition to the organization's new point of contact, if necessary.	

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EMPLOYER CHECKLIST



Following the Separation Meeting	
Remove the departing employee's access to all systems, software, apps and files. If the departing employee works remotely, terminate their VPN and remote desktop access, if applicable.	
Retain and store records in compliance with the organization's retention policies and any legal requirements, including any human resource information system or human capital management profiles, if applicable.	
Reset all system, software, software, app and file access for the departing employee.	
Deactivate the departing employee's profiles on all systems, software and apps where appropriate.	
Forward the departing employee's emails, telephone calls, voicemails and any other communications to other employees assuming the departing employee's responsibilities.	

Final Steps	
Update the departing employee's contact information.	
Update all organizational charts.	
Update the organization's insurance provider of the employee's departure, if applicable.	
Process the departing employee's final payments in a timely manner.	
Discuss information gathered from the departing employee's separation meeting with relevant individuals—such as the leadership team, HR, managers, supervisors and legal counsel—and determine any action items.	
Clean the departing employee's office or desk area and prepare it for another employee.	

Involuntary offboarding is a necessary practice that can help to ensure your organization does not miss key steps. It can also improve operational and administrative efficiency to save your organization time and money and reduce potential legal liabilities. A successful offboarding process requires the same amount of effort as onboarding, but it can create a well-ordered exit and protect your organization.

For more information about offboarding, contact Strategic Services Group today.